Poverty Intervention Tool

Put patient poverty on your radar...

"There is strong and growing evidence that higher social and economic status is associated with better health. In fact, these two factors seem to be the most important determinants of health."

- Public Health Agency of Canada¹

Four reasons to address poverty

- Poverty affects health on a gradient: there is not just one health poverty line.³
- Poverty is not always apparent. We need to be pro-active.
- According to Stats Canada, poverty is pervasive. B.C. has the highest poverty (15.3%) and child poverty (18.6%) rates.²
- People with low socio-economic status are more likely to be hospitalized for conditions where hospitalization could be avoided with early disease management.⁴

Three steps to address poverty

- Inquire about poverty when screening all patients.
- 2. Include poverty as a health risk factor.
- 3. Intervene to address poverty-related issues.

Despite B.C. citizens having better health behaviours than others, a recent Canadian Institute for Health Information report found a higher prevalence of illnesses among those with low incomes.⁴

There are tangible things you can do to address the impacts of poverty and manage other social determinants of health.

- If your otherwise healthy 35-year-old patient with no diabetes risk factors is living in poverty, consider ordering a screening test for diabetes and providing contact details for community nutrition services.
- If your low-risk patient presents with chest pain and lives in poverty, this elevates pre-test probability of a cardiac source. Let this determine how aggressive you are in ordering investigations.

Read on for more ways to make your practice poverty-sensitive.

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Three steps to address poverty

Poverty requires intervention like other major health risks.

Step 1: Inquire about poverty – integrate it into your screening.

Screen everyone - regardless of age, ethnicity or medical status - by asking:

Do you have enough money for food after paying your monthly bills?

(Sensitivity, 98%. Specificity, 64% for those living below the poverty line).5

Step 2: Include poverty on your risk list. Make it a key risk factor.

The health risks associated with poverty are equivalent to hypertension, high cholesterol and smoking.⁶

Let the evidence speak.

Cancer:

- **Prevalence:** Higher for lung, oral and cervical for lower income population.
- Screening: Low income women are less likely to access mammograms or Pap tests.^{8,9}
- **Mortality:** Lower five-year survival rates for most cancers.

Cardiovascular disease:

- Prevalence: B.C. has a 17% higher rate of circulatory conditions among the lowest income 20%, than the Canadian average. ¹⁰
- Mortality: There would be 21% fewer premature deaths per year due to CVD ¹¹, if everyone had the premature mortality rates of the highest income quintile.⁶

Diabetes:

- Prevalence: Lowest income 20% has more than double the rate of diabetes, compared to the highest income. (10% vs. 5% in men, 8% vs. 3% in women).¹²
- Mortality: Women-70% higher (17 vs. 10/105). Men-58% higher (27 vs. 17/105).

Mental illness:

- Prevalence: Consistent relationship between low SES and mental illness. Depression is 58% higher below the poverty line, than the Canadian average. ^{13,14}
- Suicide: The suicide attempt rate for people on social assistance is 18 times greater than higher income individuals.

"By tolerating poverty, we end up spending more on treating preventable and avoidable illness." 7

Other chronic conditions:

- Prevalence: Higher for hypertension, arthritis, COPD, asthma. Higher risk of having multiple chronic conditions. 12,10
- Mortality: Increased for COPD. 12

Infants:

- Low birth weight: B.C.'s low birth weight rates increased gradually from 46.9 per 1,000 live births in 1986, to 56.1 in 2011. The rate in older mothers increased more sharply, from 44.9 to 70.8 in 2011.
- **Infant mortality:** 60% higher in lowest income neighbourhoods.¹⁶

Step 3: Intervene: 8 simple questions to ask your patients living in poverty

Ask every patient:

1. How easy is it for you to access health care – medical visits, medications and health providers?

Advocacy Centre www.advocacycentre.org Castlegar 250-608-0589 Nelson 250-352-5777 Regional Toll Free 1-877-352-5777

Nelson Seniors Coordinating Society www.seniors.kics.bc.ca 250-352-6008

Poverty levels are rising for Canadian seniors, particularly elderly, divorced or separated women.¹⁵

2. Have you completed and sent in your tax forms to be considered for benefits?

 Tax returns: Essential to access many income security benefits: GST/HST credits, child benefits, working income tax benefits, and property tax credits. Even people without official residency status can file returns.

Nelson Seniors Coordinating Society www.seniors.kics.bc.ca 250-352-6008

Canada Revenue Agency www.cra-arc.gc.ca/individuals/

Canada Benefits – www.canadabenefits.gc.ca

 Drug Coverage: Find out what coverage is available federally and provincially. www.drugcoverage.ca

Ask seniors living in poverty:

- 3. Do you receive seniors' benefits like Old Age Security (OAS) and Guaranteed Income Supplement (GIS)?
- Most people over age 65 who live in poverty should receive about \$1,400 per month through OAS, GIS and grants from filing a tax return.
- Recommend renters get in touch with BC Housing's SAFER program to see if they qualify for rent support.

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Ask families with children:

4. Do you receive the Child Tax Benefit on the 20th of every month?

 This can get some low-income single parents up to \$8000 or more per year, and can lead to a number of other income supports.

Kootenay Boundary Community Services Co-operative www.thekoop.ca 250-352-6786. Toll free: 1-866-551-5437.

Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) www.cra-arc.gc.ca/bnfts/cctb/menueng.html

BC Benefits - Family Bonus and BC Low Income Climate Action Tax Credit www.cra-arc.gc.ca/bnfts/rltd_prgrms/ bc-eng.html

Ask First Nations patients:

5. Are you eligible for First Nations Health Benefits?

 First Nations with the Status designation may qualify for non-insured health benefits through the federal government. These pay for drugs and other extended health benefits not covered by provincial plans. Non-status First Nations, Inuit and Metis can also seek out a variety of community resources.

Kootenay Boundary Aboriginal patients are less visible, and often reluctant to disclose their status. However, an estimated 1 in 20 patients has Aboriginal heritage. Many have health impacts resulting from the legacy of racism, colonialism, residential school and child welfare practices.

- Kris Taks, Executive Director, Circle of Indigenous Nations Society

Aboriginal, Inuit, and Metis seniors struggle with poor mental and physical health. Jurisdictional and organizational barriers prevent them from having the same health care access as other Canadian seniors. ²¹

B.C. First Nations Health Authority www.fnha.ca

Aboriginal Patient Health Navigators Castlegar 250-304-1254 www.interiorhealth.ca/YourHealth/ AboriginalHealth/Pages/APN.aspx

Circle of Indigenous Nations Society coinations@gmail.com 250-231-4968

Ask people with disabilities:

6. Do you receive payments for disability?

- There are nine different disability programs patients may qualify for: Persons With Disabilities (PWD); Persons with Persistent Multiple Barriers (PPMB); CPP Disability; Employment Insurance (EI); Disability Tax Credit (DTC); Veterans benefits; Worker's Compensation; Employers' long term protection; Registered Disability Savings Plan (RDSP).
- The DTC is a prerequisite for some other benefits. DTC requires a health provider to complete the application form.
 Patients may get up to \$1100 per year in tax savings (plus retroactive payments).
- RDSP: Up to 300% matching funds. Or, disability bonds up to \$20 000 to help people without resources to save money.

Advocacy Centre www.advocacycentre.org Castlegar 250-608-0589 Nelson 250-352-5777 Regional Toll Free 1-877-352-5777

BC Coalition of People with Disabilities website www.bccpd.bc.ca/programs/advocacy.htm

Ask social assistance recipients these two questions:

7. Have you applied for Persons with Disabilities (PWD) Assistance?

- PWD application: Provide as much information as possible. This application is about whether the patient's disability has a severe impact on their ability to perform daily living activities. It is not about whether they are able to work.
- Include as much detail as possible in comments section. Include details about the frequency and duration of any periodic limitations or conditions.
- Expedite necessary referrals. Write a detailed narrative on the last page. An allied health provider can complete the Assessment part of the application.
- If denied, refer patient to nearest legal clinic advocate for possible appeal.

Clicklaw has a PWD application guide for patients.

Advocacy Centre www.advocacycentre.org Nelson 250-352-5777 Castlegar 250-608-0589 Regional Toll Free 1-877-352-5777 www.hsd.gov.BC.ca/pwd/apply.htm

B.C. Coalition of People with Disabilities www.BCcpd.BC.ca

8. Have you applied for extra income supplements?

There is evidence that income and socioeconomic status influences access to health care services, even under our universal public health care system. ²²

- The application process for income assistance and PWD designation can be complicated. Advocates can be found at www.povnet.org and in Helpful Links.
- Those already on Income Assistance may have access to supplementary benefits for treatments such as: optical, dental, special diet/nutritional supplements, pre-natal/natal care, alcohol or drug support. (See Helpful Links)
- Other available B.C. benefits: Family Bonus, Healthy Kids, Employment Program, Senior's Supplement, Special Transportation Subsidy, and other programs.

The B.C. Legal Services Society publishes a guide "Your Welfare Rights" about social assistance applications. (See Helpful Links)

Advocacy Centre www.advocacycentre.org Castlegar 250-608-0589 Nelson 250-352-5777 Regional Toll Free 1-877-352-5777

B.C. Ministry of Social Development and Social Innovation www.hsd.gov.bc.ca

Employment and Assistance Application www.hsd.gov.bc.ca/bcea.htm

Self Assessment and Application www.iaselfserve.gov.bc.ca/HomePage.aspx

Canadian Pension Plan Disability Benefit www.servicecanada.gc.ca/eng/ services/pensions/cpp/disability/ benefit/index.shtml

Your knowledge of your patient's health status makes a difference.

Health providers are not poverty gatekeepers - but you can play an important role in helping patients overcome barriers. You can successfully advocate and improve access for your patients by simply providing accurate, detailed and complete information on their health and disabilities.

Growing up in Poverty

Intervene early to improve the health of your low-income patients.

Growing up in poverty is associated with increased adult morbidity and mortality resulting from: stomach, liver, and lung cancers; diabetes; cardiovascular disease; stroke; respiratory diseases; nervous system conditions; digestive system diseases; alcoholic cirrhosis; unintentional injuries; and homicide. 17,18

First Call - B.C. Child and Youth Advocacy Coalition - reports an 18.6% child poverty rate in B.C. ¹⁹

In 2008, based on after-tax income, about 17% of lone-parent women in B.C. lived in poverty, as compared to just over 9%

of two-parent families. A higher proportion of the Aboriginal population has low income and is lone parents, compared to the non-Aboriginal population (PHO 2009).²⁷The poverty rate for children living in single mother households is 49.8%.¹⁹

The 2009 Public Health in Canada research showed children from low-income families tend to be over two-and-a-half times more likely to have a problem with one or more basic abilities such as vision, hearing, speech or mobility. ²⁰

Helpful Links for Patients

Kootenay Boundary

Advocacy Centre

www.advocacycentre.org Castlegar 250-608-0589 Nelson 250-352-5777 Regional Toll Free 1-877-352-5777 Legal information, advocacy for low-income residents in west Kootenays.

Circle of Indigenous Nations Society

coinations@gmail.com 250-231-4968

East Kootenay

www.ekadvocate.com 250-426-4293 Toll Free: 1-877-298-2211

Kootenay Boundary Community Services Co-operative

www.thekoop.ca 250-352-6786. Toll free: 1-866-551-5437. Umbrella organization with contact details and web links to regional agencies, offering poverty services.

Nelson Community Services

www.nelsoncommunityservices.ca 250-352-9595

Kootenay Kids Society

www.kootenaykids.ca 250-352-6678

Castlegar Community Services www.cdcss.ca 250-365-2104

Kootenay Family Place

www.kootenayfamilyplace.org 250-365-8448

North Kootenay Lake Community Services (Kaslo)

www.nklcss.org 250-353-7691

Arrow & Slocan Lakes Community Services (Nakusp)

www.aslcs.com 250-265-3674

Salmo Community Resources www.scrs.ca 250-357-2277

Boundary Family and Individual Resources (Grand Forks) www.boundaryfamily.org 250-442-2267

Trail FAIR

www.trailfair.ca 250-364-2326

Nelson Seniors Coordinating Society www.seniors.kics.bc.ca 250-352-6008

PovNet.ca

Kootenays www.povnet.org/find-an-advocate/bc/ kootenay

British Columbia

Aboriginal Health

www.healthlinkbc.ca/ commonhealthconcerns/ aboriginalshealth/

Aboriginal Patient Health Navigators

Castlegar 250-304-1254 www.interiorhealth.ca/YourHealth/ AboriginalHealth/Pages/default.aspx

Access Pro Bono

www.accessprobono.ca 604-878-7400 Toll Free: 1-877-762-6664 Links and information on free legal services in B.C. Free half hour session with a lawyer for those who qualify.

B.C. Centre for Elder Advocacy and Support (B.C.CEAS)

www.BCceas.ca Legal clinic advocating for the rights of seniors.

B.C. Coalition of People with Disabilities

www.BCcpd.BC.ca

B.C. First Nations Health Authority www.fnha.ca

First Nations Health Council www.fnhc.ca

First Nations Health Directors Association www.fnhda.ca

MSP Enrolment Application for Status Indians www.health.gov.bc.ca/exforms/ msp/178fil.pdf

B.C. Health Link

www.healthlinkbc.ca

B.C. Healthy Living Alliance www.BChealthyliving.ca

BC Housing

www.bchousing.org/Initiatives/ Providing/SAFER

B.C. Interior Health

www.interiorhealth.ca/YourHealth/ AboriginalHealth/Pages/default.aspx

B.C. Medical Association Patient Advocacy

www.doctorsofbc.ca/public-links/ patient-advocacy

B.C. Ministry of Health – Aboriginals www.health.gov.bc.ca/aboriginal/

B.C. Ministry of Social Development and Social Innovation www.hsd.gov.bc.ca

BC Poverty Reduction Coalition

www.bcpovertyreduction.ca/

Canadian Pension Plan Disability Benefit

www.servicecanada.gc.ca/eng/services/ pensions/cpp/disability/benefit/

Clicklaw

www.clicklaw.BC.ca Fact sheets, self-help guides, links and multi-language resources on a variety of topics.

Employment and Assistance Application

www.hsd.gov.bc.ca/bcea.htm

Self Assessment and Application www.iaselfserve.gov.bc.ca Guide on how to apply for income assistance.

Persons with Disabilities (PWD) benefits www.hsd.gov.BC.ca/pwd/apply.htm

Legal Aid BC (Legal Services Society)

www.lss.bc.ca Call Centre 1-866-577-2525 Legal representation, advice, resources, publications and community partner information such as Trail FAIR, Nelson CARES and The Advocacy Centre.

Aboriginal legal issues www.lss.bc.ca/aboriginal

BC Employment and Assistance Guide resources.lss.bc.ca/pdfs/pubs/Your-Welfare-Rights-eng.pdf

Helpful Links for Practioners

For Practitioners

Aboriginal Patient Health Navigators

Castlegar 250-304-1254 www.interiorhealth.ca/YourHealth/ aboriginalHealth/Pages/APN.aspx

First Call: BC Child and Youth Advocacy Coalition

www.firstcallbc.org 2013 BC Child Poverty Report Card

B.C. Health and Well-being of the Aboriginal Population Interim Report 2012 www.health.gov.BC.ca/ pho/pdf/interim-update.pdf

B.C. Interior Health

www.interiorhealth.ca/Pages/default.

B.C. Ministry of Children and Family Development

www.gov.BC.ca/mcf

B.C. Ministry of Health

www.gov.BC.ca/health

B.C. Ministry of Social Development and Social Innovation (MSDSI) www.gov.BC.ca/sdsi

B.C. Poverty Reduction Coalition www.bcpovertyreduction.ca

B.C. Teachers' Federation Poverty Resources

www.bctf.ca/SocialJustice. aspx?id=21362&libID=21352

B.C. Vital Statistics Health Status Indicators (2011 Report)

www.vs.gov.BC.ca/stats/annual/2011/pdf/ann2011.pdf

BC Benefits - Family Bonus and BC Low Income Climate Action Tax Credit

www.cra-arc.gc.ca/bnfts/rltd_prgrms/bc-eng.html

Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB)

www.cra-arc.gc.ca/bnfts/cctb/menueng.html

Canadian Centre for Policy Alternatives – Seniors Care

www.policyalternatives.ca/taxonomy/term/58/all

Centre for Collaboration, Motivation and Innovation

www.centrecmi.ca 778- 220-2217 Dedicated to partnerships for better health and health care.

Child and Youth Health and Wellbeing Indicators Project CIHI and B.C. PHO Joint Report 2013

www.health.gov.BC.ca/pho/pdf/child-health-2013.pdf

Government of British Columbia

www2.gov.bc.ca

Inclusion BC

www.inclusionbc.org

Interior Health

www.interiorhealth.ca

Investing in Prevention

Improving Health and Creating
Sustainability
The Provincial Health Officer's Special
Report (2010)
www.health.gov.BC.ca/library/
publications/year/2010/Investing_in_
prevention_improving_health_and_
creating_sustainability.pdf

Kootenay Boundary Division of Family Practice

www.divisionsbc.ca/kb

Parent Support Services Society of BC www.parentsupportbc.ca

Public Health Association of BC www.phabc.org

Service British Columbia

www.serviceBC.gov.BC.ca Provincially run information and online services for EI, CPP, birth certificates.

Social Planning and Research Council of BC

www.sparc.bc.ca

The Cost of Poverty in B.C.

www.policyalternatives.ca/ costofpovertyBC Social Planning and Research Council of B.C. (sparc), Public Health Association of B.C., Canadian Centre for Policy Alternatives.

B.C. Disease-specific Links

AIDS

AIDS Network Kootenay Outreach and Support Society

www.ankors.BC.ca AIDS, HIV, Hepatitis

Cancer

BC Cancer Agency

www.bccancer.bc.ca

Canadian Cancer Society B.C. www.cancer.ca/en/?region=bc

B.C. Cancer Foundation www.bccancerfoundation.com

Cardiovascular Disease

Heart and Stroke Foundation of B.C. & Yukon

www.heartandstroke.bc.ca

B.C. CVD Guidelines

www.bcguidelines.ca/guideline_cvd.html

Diabetes

Canadian Diabetes Association

www.diabetes.ca

BC Regional Office

www.diabetes.ca/get-involved/contact-entry/regional-offices

Mental Health

Canadian Mental Health Association BC

www.cmha.bc.ca

BC Mental Health & Substance Use Services (BCMHSUS)

www.bcmhsus.ca

Canada

Campaign 2000

www.campaign2000.ca

Canada Benefits

www.canadabenefits.gc.ca
Full listing of income and other
supports, organized by personal status
(parent, Aboriginal), or life situation
(unemployment, health resources), and
by province, with links.

Canada Without Poverty

www.cwp-csp.ca

Canadian Institute of Health Information

www.cihi.ca

Drug Coverage

www.drugcoverage.ca – Federal and provincial drug programs.

Health Council of Canada

www.healthcouncilcanada.ca

Healthy Canadians

www.healthycanadians.gc.ca

Poverty Bad for Health Blog

www.povertybadforhealth.wordpress.com

Public Health Agency of Canada

www.phac-aspc.gc.ca

Service Canada

www.servicecanada.gc.ca Federal programs for newcomers, Seniors (OAS, GIS), First Nations, Veterans, Employment (SIN), EI, GST Credit, Canada Child Tax Benefit.

Social Assistance Recipient Benefits

www.eia.gov.BC.ca/publicat/VOL1/ Part3/3-3.htm Employment and Assistance Act regulations for a complete list of supplemental benefit.

Ontario

Poverty: A clinical tool for primary care in Ontario – Heath Providers Against Poverty, 2013

www.ocfp.on.ca/docs/default-source/cme/poverty-a-clinical-tool-2013-(with-references).pdf?sfvrsn=0

Global Organizations

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)

www.oecd.org

World Health Organization (WHO)

www.who.int

Poverty and Social Determinants References

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- 19. First Call: BC Child and Youth Advocacy Coalition www.firstcallbc.org
- 20. Living Wage and Social Determinants of Health (2013) First Call B.C. Living Wage Factsheet 2 www.firstcallBC.org/pdfs/LW/Fact%20sheet%20 2%20Health.pdf
- 21. Canada's Most Vulnerable: Improving health care for Aboriginals, Inuit and Metis Seniors. Health Council of Canada www.healthcouncilcanada.ca
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